
Quarterly Market Webinar

Australian Data

Third Quarter 2018

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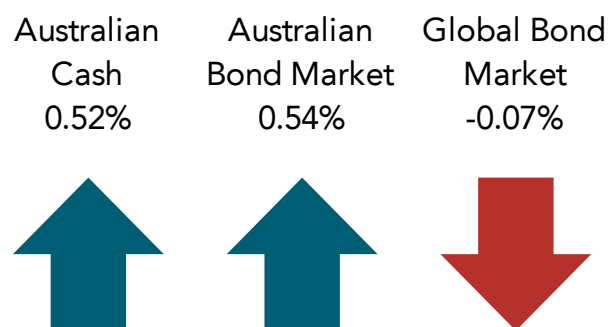
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Consider the investment objectives, risks and fees of the Dimensional Trusts before investing. For this and other information on the Dimensional Trusts please read the product disclosure statement before investing. The PDS is available by download from our website at dimensional.com.au.

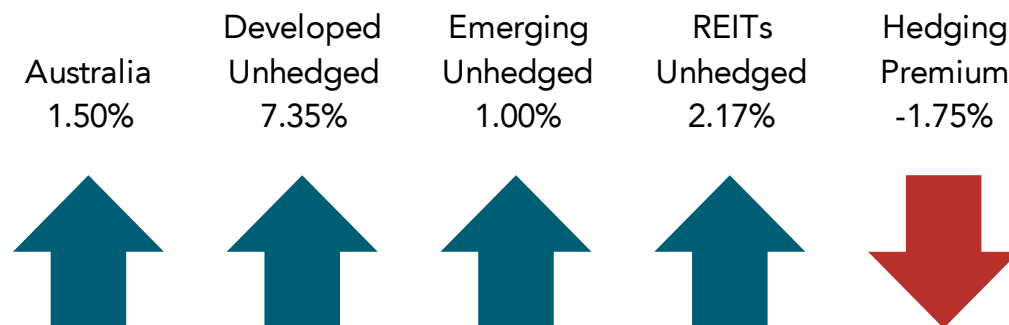
Market Themes—Quarter

As at 30 September 2018

CASH AND BONDS



STOCKS



Themes for the quarter:

- Global bond market underperformed Australian bond market
- Strong absolute equity market returns, with Developed ex Australia leading the way
- Global REITs underperformed developed equities
- Hedging premium is negative

Performance is shown in AUD. Past performance is not indicative of future results. Australian Cash – Bloomberg AusBond Bank Bill Index, Australian Bonds – Bloomberg AusBond Composite 0+ Yr Index, Global Bonds – Bloomberg Barclays Global Aggregate Bond Index (hedged to AUD), Australian Stocks – S&P/ASX 300 Index (Total Return), Developed Stocks – MSCI World ex Australia Index (net div., AUD), Emerging Stocks – MSCI Emerging Markets Index (net div., AUD), REIT Stocks – S&P Developed REIT Index (net div., AUD), Hedging Premium – MSCI World ex Australia Index (net div., hedged to AUD) minus MSCI World ex Australia Index (net div., AUD).

Indices are not available for direct investment. Their performance does not reflect the expenses associated with the management of an actual portfolio.

Dimensions of Expected Returns

Expected returns are driven by prices investors pay and cash flows they expect to receive

DIMENSIONS POINT TO SYSTEMATIC DIFFERENCES IN EXPECTED RETURNS



To be considered a dimension of expected return, a premium must be:

- Sensible
- Persistent
- Pervasive
- Robust
- Cost-effective

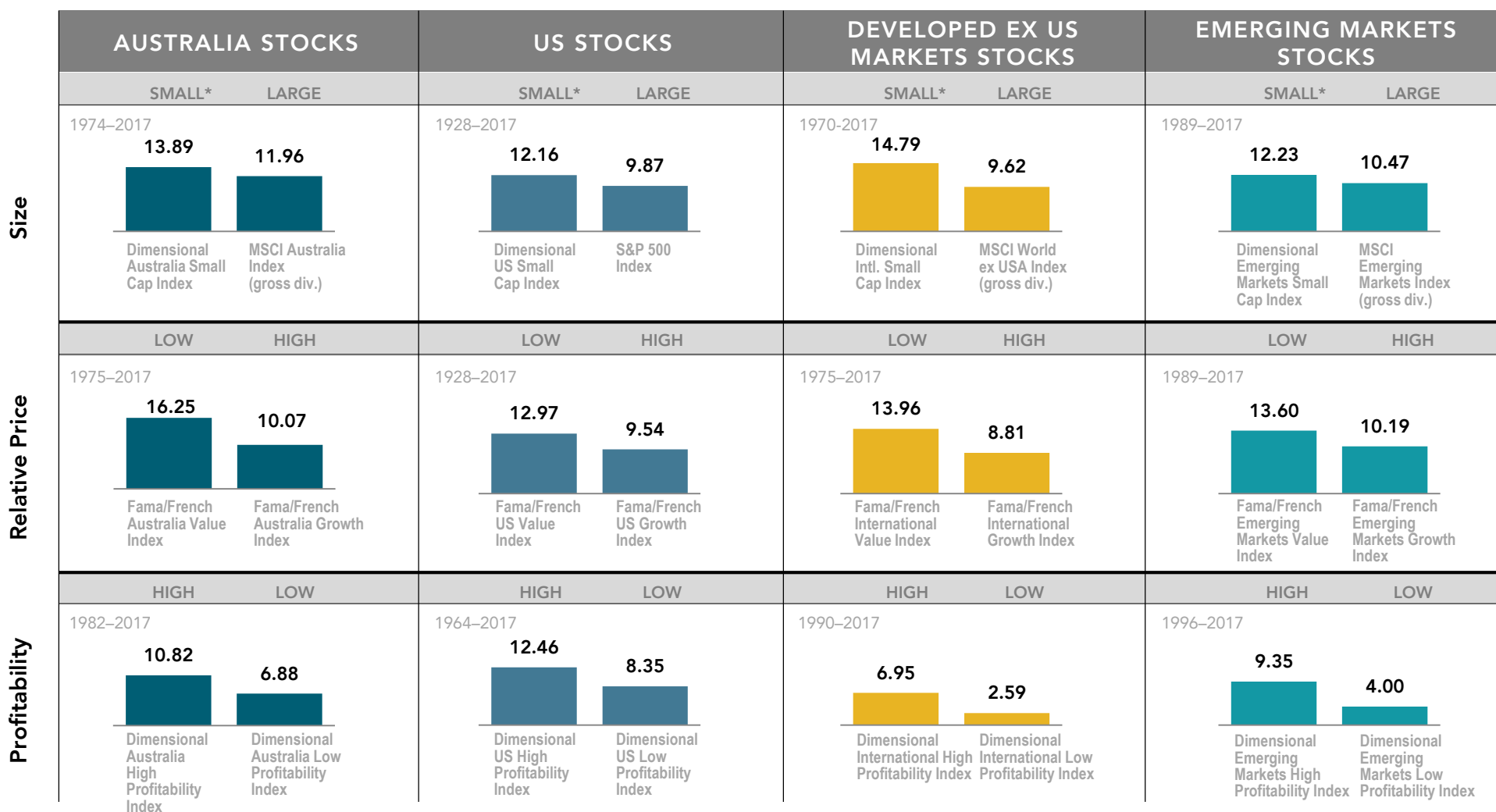
Diversification does not eliminate the risk of market loss.

1. Relative price as measured by the price-to-book ratio; value stocks are those with lower price-to-book ratios.

2. Profitability is a measure of current profitability, based on information from individual companies' income statements.

Dimensions of Expected Returns

Illustrative index performance: Annualised compound returns (%)



All figures represent annualised compound returns (%) in US dollars, with the exception of the Australian stock returns, which are in Australian dollars. Profitability is measured as operating income before depreciation and amortisation minus interest expense scaled by book. **Indices are not available for direct investment. Their performance does not reflect the expenses associated with the management of an actual portfolio. Past performance is not a guarantee of future results. Index returns are not representative of actual portfolios and do not reflect costs and fees associated with an actual investment. Actual returns may be lower.** S&P data copyright 2018 S&P Dow Jones Indices LLC, a division of S&P Global. All rights reserved. MSCI data copyright MSCI 2018, all rights reserved.*The calculation methodology applied from 1975 for the US Small Cap Index, 1982 for the Australia Small Cap Index, and from 1994 for the other Dimensional Small Cap Indices, was amended (in 2014) to include profitability as a factor in selecting securities for inclusion in the indices. See "Index Descriptions" in the appendix for descriptions of Dimensional and Fama/French index data. Eugene Fama and Ken French are members of the Board of Directors for and provide consulting services to Dimensional Fund Advisors LP.

Equity Returns by Region

3rd Quarter Ending 30 September 2018

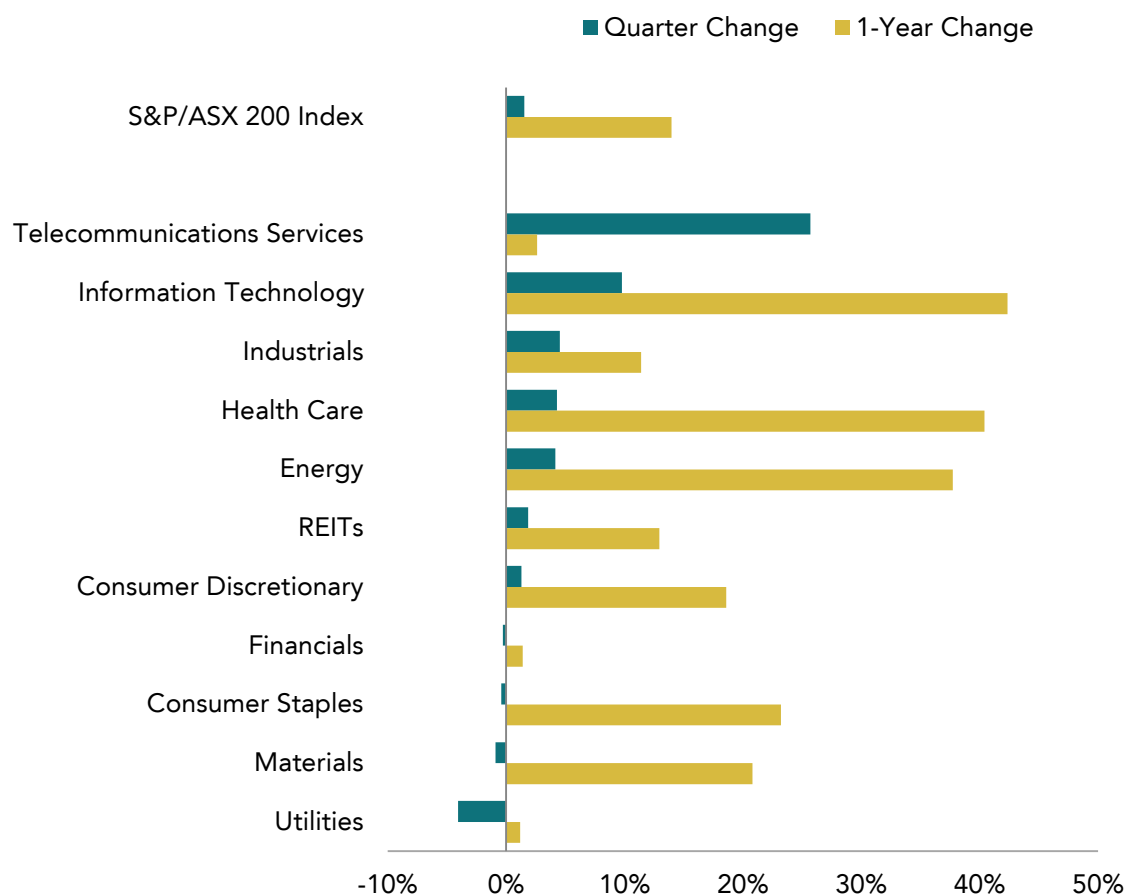
	Australia		Developed ex Australia		Emerging Markets	
Broad Market	S&P/ASX 300	1.50%	MSCI World ex Australia IMI	6.92%	MSCI EM IMI	0.63%
Size	S&P/ASX 100	1.55%	MSCI World ex Australia	7.35%	MSCI EM	1.00%
	S&P/ASX Small Ordinaries	1.10%	MSCI World ex Australia Small Cap	4.19%	MSCI EM Small Cap	-2.18%
Relative Price	S&P BMI Australia Growth	1.34%	MSCI World ex Australia IMI Growth	7.90%	MSCI EM IMI Growth	-3.37%
	S&P BMI Australia Value	1.62%	MSCI World ex Australia IMI Value	5.89%	MSCI EM IMI Value	4.84%

Returns in AUD. Past performance is not a guarantee of future results. Indices are not available for direct investment. Index performance does not reflect the expenses associated with the management of an actual portfolio. Indices are not available for direct investment. Their performance does not reflect the expenses associated with the management of an actual portfolio. S&P data copyright 2018 S&P Dow Jones Indices LLC, a division of S&P Global. All rights reserved. MSCI data © MSCI 2018, all rights reserved.

Investment Climate—Australian Sectors

As at 30 September 2018

GICS SECTOR RETURNS



Australian Sectors

- Telecommunications, led by Telstra, the top performer for the quarter
- Strong 1 year returns from IT, Health Care and Energy sectors
- Financials underperformed for both the quarter and the year
- Australian REITs in-line with broader equity market, while Utilities underperformed

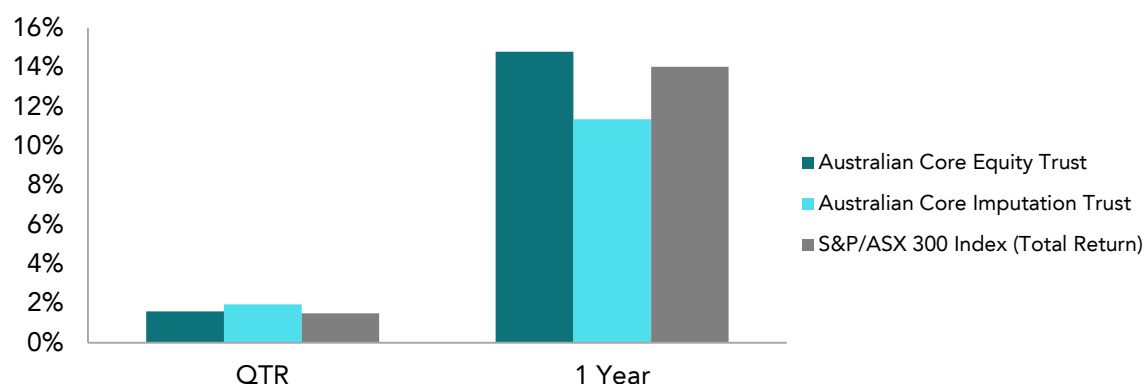
Performance is shown in AUD and is based on the S&P/ASX 200 Index. Past performance is not indicative of future results.

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Dimensional Australian Equity Trusts

As at 30 September 2018

DIMENSIONAL AUSTRALIAN EQUITY TRUSTS



PERIOD RETURNS (%)

Strategy	QTR	1 Year	3 Years	5 Years
Australian Core Equity Trust	1.59%	14.79%	14.10%	9.15%
S&P/ASX 300 Index (Total Return)	1.50%	14.03%	12.16%	8.19%
Australian Core Imputation Trust	1.96%	11.36%	11.47%	NA
Franking*	0.91%	2.19%	2.19%	NA
Total	2.87%	13.55%	13.66%	NA
S&P/ASX 300 Index (Total Return)	1.50%	14.03%	12.16%	8.19%
Franking*	0.49%	1.63%	1.63%	1.61%
Total	1.99%	15.66%	13.79%	9.79%

Australian Core Equity

Performed in-line with the S&P/ASX 300 index:

- Focus on size detracted from performance
- Off-set by focus on highly profitable names

Australian Core Imputation

Outperformed the S&P/ASX 300 index:

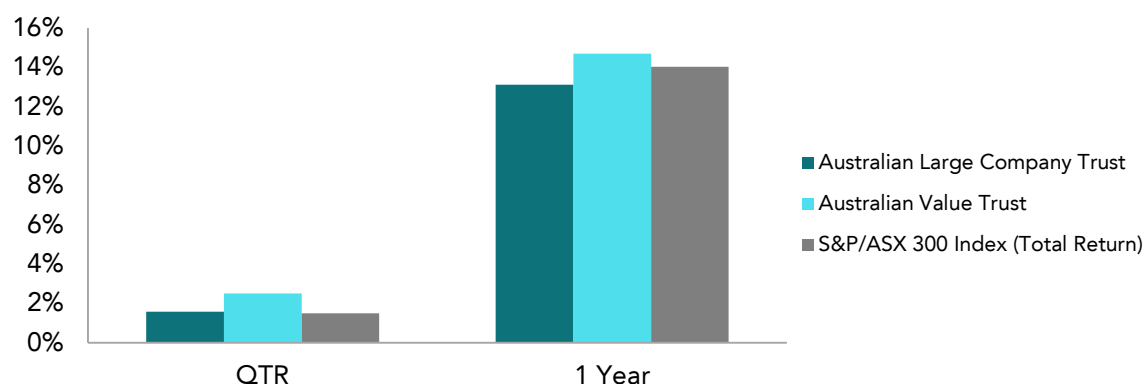
- Focus on higher franking yield securities, which results in a lower bias to small caps, contributed positively
- Exclusion of REITs did not have an impact

Performance is shown in AUD and is net of fees. Returns greater than 1 year are annualised. Past performance is not indicative of future results. Dimensional does not guarantee the performance of any fund or strategy referred to, the repayment of capital, or particular rates of return. S&P data copyright 2018 S&P Dow Jones Indices LLC, a division of S&P Global. All rights reserved. Indices are not available for direct investment. Their performance does not reflect the expenses associated with the management of an actual portfolio. *Franking is Dimensional's calculation of the difference in performance arising from reinvestment of gross (incorporating franking) vs net (cash only) dividends/distributions.

Dimensional Australian Equity Trusts

As at 30 September 2018

DIMENSIONAL AUSTRALIAN EQUITY TRUSTS



PERIOD RETURNS (%)

Strategy	QTR	1 Year	3 Years	5 Years
Australian Large Company Trust	1.58%	13.12%	12.04%	8.31%
Australian Value Trust	2.51%	14.70%	16.18%	8.91%
S&P/ASX 300 Index (Total Return)	1.50%	14.03%	12.16%	8.19%

Australian Large

Performed in line with the S&P/ASX 100 index:

- Overweight to Large Value offset by the positive contribution from portfolio's overweight to mid-caps

Australian Value

Outperformed S&P/ASX 300 index:

- Focus on value, particularly within mid and small caps added value
- Focus on profitability marginally detracted
- The exclusion of REITs/Utilities contributed positively

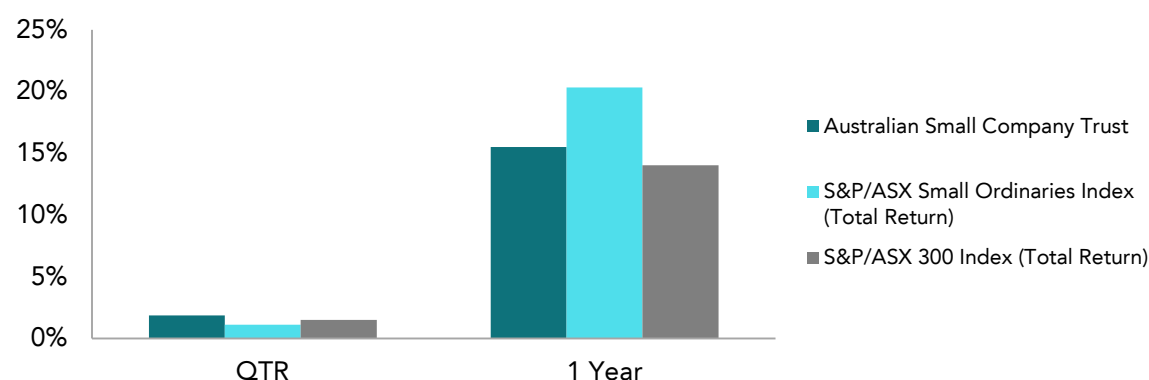
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Dimensional Australian Equity Trusts

As at 30 September 2018

DIMENSIONAL AUSTRALIAN EQUITY TRUSTS



PERIOD RETURNS (%)

Strategy	QTR	1 Year	3 Years	5 Years
Australian Small Company Trust	1.87%	15.51%	14.46%	7.30%
S&P/ASX Small Ordinaries Index (Total Return)	1.10%	20.32%	16.97%	8.75%
S&P/ASX 300 Index (Total Return)	1.50%	14.03%	12.16%	8.19%

Australian Small

Outperformed S&P/ASX Small Ords index:

- Exposure to mid-caps, the main contributor
- Profitability focus and exposure to micro caps both detracted
- Exclusion of REITs also added value

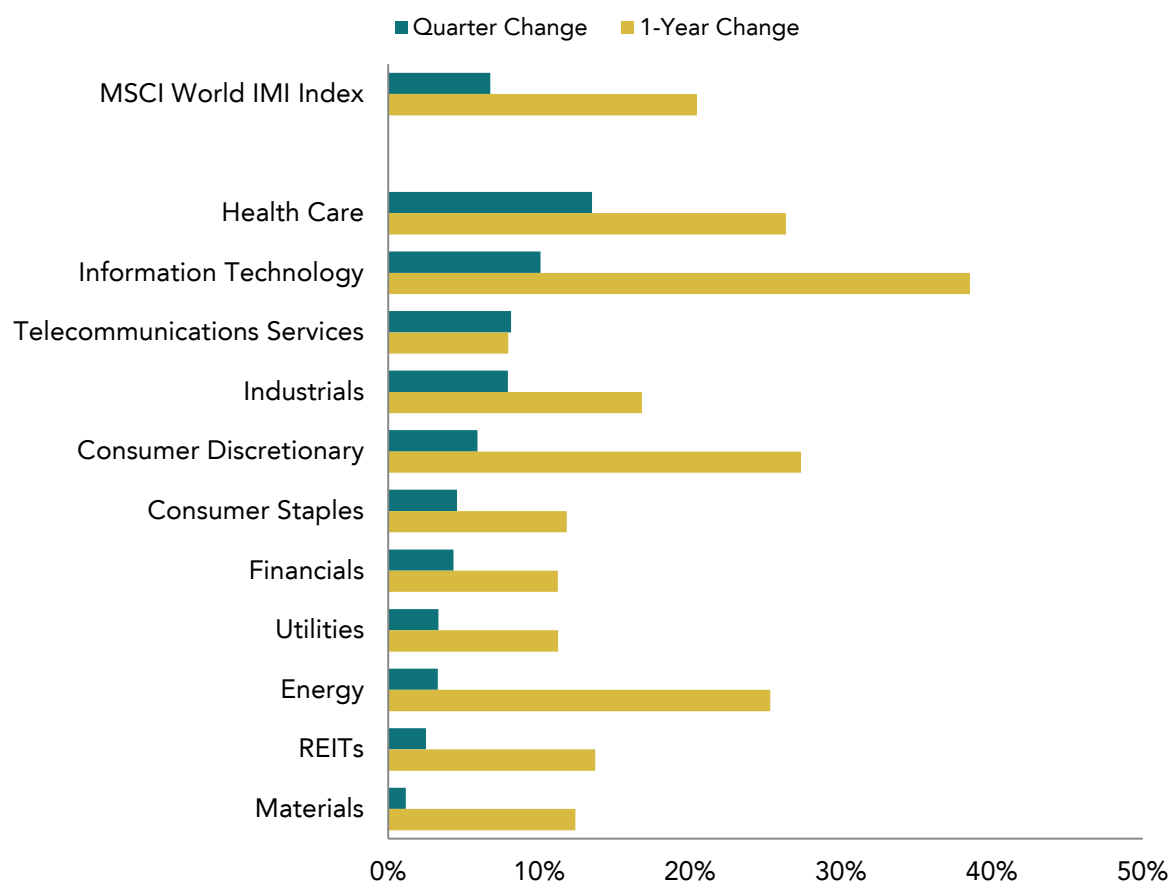
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Investment Climate—Developed Market Sectors

As at 30 September 2018

GICS SECTOR RETURNS



Developed Market Sectors

- IT and Health Care top performers
- Materials and Energy the worst
- REITs/HRUs underperformed broader equity market

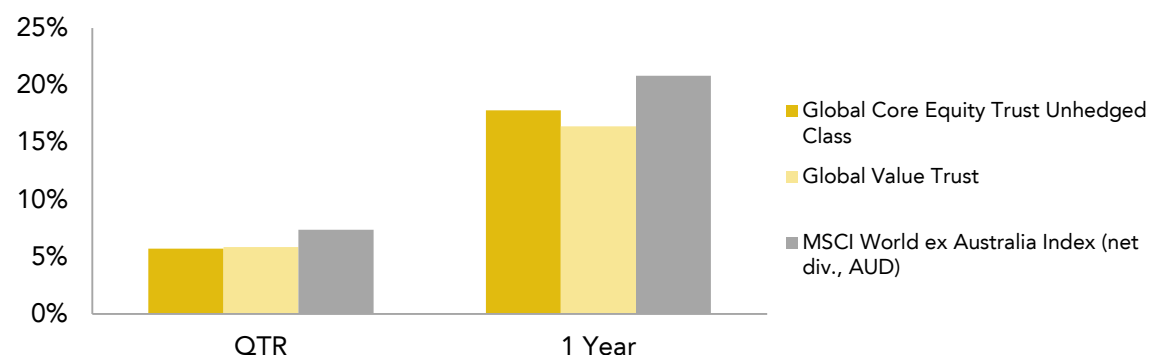
Performance is shown in AUD and is based on the MSCI World IMI Index. Past performance is not indicative of future results.

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Dimensional Global Equity Trusts

As at 30 September 2018

DIMENSIONAL GLOBAL EQUITY TRUSTS



PERIOD RETURNS (%)

Strategy	QTR	1 Year	3 Years	5 Years
Global Core Equity Trust Unhedged Class	5.73%	17.80%	11.79%	13.85%
Global Value Trust	5.86%	16.39%	12.26%	13.15%
MSCI World ex Australia Index (net div., AUD)	7.35%	20.82%	12.43%	15.25%
Global Core Equity Trust AUD Hedged Class	4.09%	9.67%	13.50%	10.92%
MSCI World ex Australia Index (net div., hedged to AUD)	5.61%	12.89%	14.73%	12.59%

Global Core

Underperformed MSCI World ex-Australia index:

- Value focus detracted from performance

Global Value

Underperformed MSCI World ex-Australia index:

- Negative Value premium the primary detractor
- Focus on Size also detracted
- Exclusion of REITs & Utilities contributed

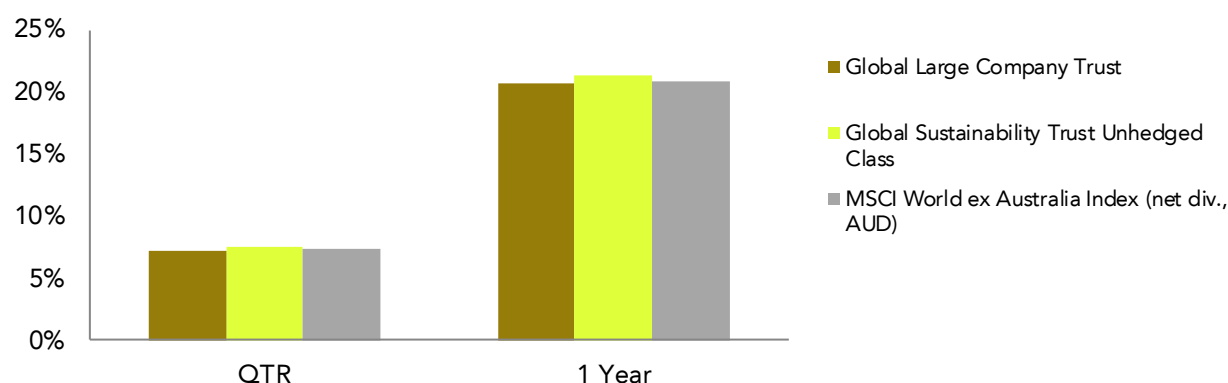
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Dimensional Global Equity Trusts

As at 30 September 2018

DIMENSIONAL GLOBAL EQUITY TRUSTS



PERIOD RETURNS (%)

Strategy	QTR	1 Year	3 Years	5 Years
Global Large Company Trust	7.20%	20.62%	12.66%	14.93%
Global Sustainability Trust Unhedged Class	7.59%	21.28%	NA	NA
MSCI World ex Australia Index (net div., AUD)	7.35%	20.82%	12.43%	15.25%
Global Sustainability Trust AUD Hedged Class	5.89%	12.64%	NA	NA
MSCI World ex Australia Index (net div., hedged to AUD)	5.61%	12.89%	14.73%	12.59%

Global Large

Performed in-line with the MSCI World ex-Australia index:

- An overweight to mid-caps detracted but offset by Profitability
- REIT & Utilities exclusion added value

Global Sustainability

Outperformed the MSCI World ex-Australia index:

- An overweight to mid-caps detracted but offset by Profitability
- Sustainability: Underweight to energy sector contributed

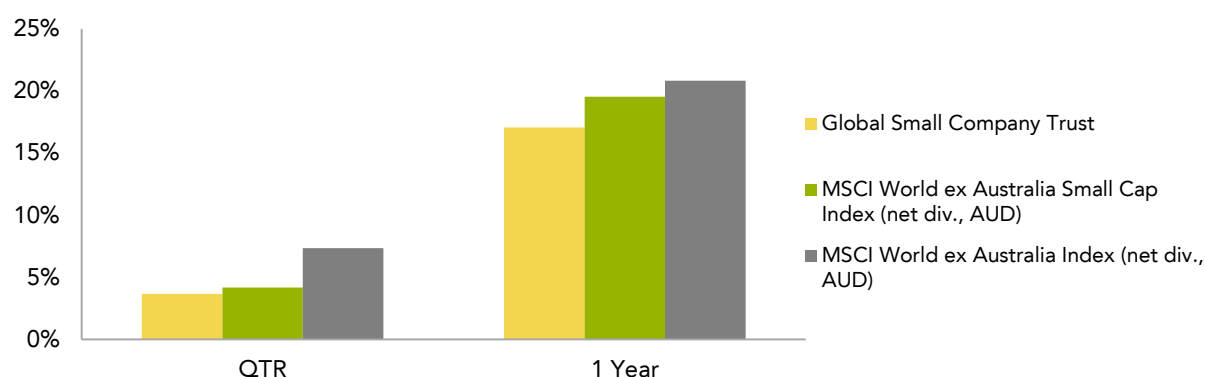
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Dimensional Global Equity Trusts

As at 30 September 2018

DIMENSIONAL GLOBAL SMALL COMPANY TRUST



PERIOD RETURNS (%)

Strategy	QTR	1 Year	3 Years	5 Years
Global Small Company Trust	3.68%	17.05%	12.86%	14.77%
MSCI World ex Australia Small Cap Index (net div., AUD)	4.19%	19.53%	13.51%	15.51%
MSCI World ex Australia Index (net div., AUD)	7.35%	20.82%	12.43%	15.25%

Global Small

Underperformed MSCI World ex-Australia Small Cap index:

- Exposure to micro caps is the main detractor
- REIT exclusion added value

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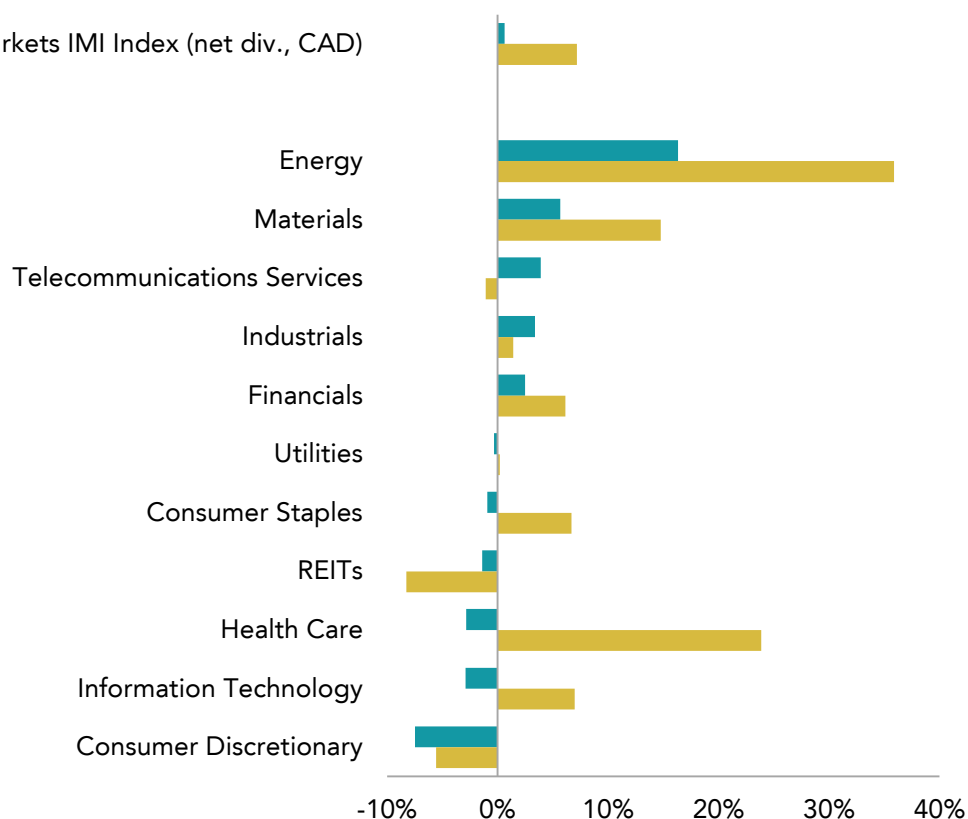
Investment Climate—Emerging Markets Sectors

As at 30 September 2018

GICS SECTOR RETURNS

■ Quarter Change ■ 1-Year Change

MSCI Emerging Markets IMI Index (net div., CAD)



Emerging Markets Sectors

- Energy the top performers for both the quarter and the year
- REITs & Utilities underperformed

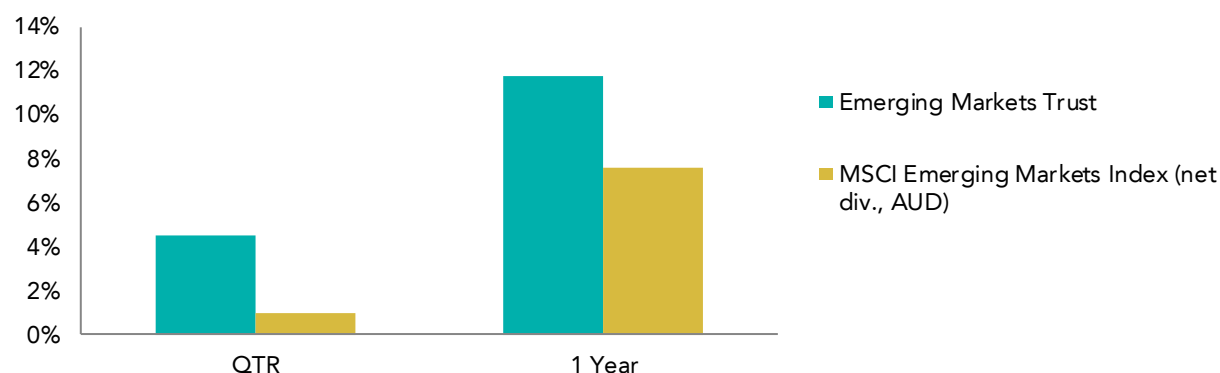
Performance is shown in AUD and is based on the MSCI Emerging Markets IMI Index (net div., CAD). Past performance is not indicative of future results.

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Dimensional Emerging Markets Trust

As at 30 September 2018

DIMENSIONAL EMERGING MARKETS TRUST



PERIOD RETURNS (%)

Strategy	QTR	1 Year	3 Years	5 Years
Emerging Markets Trust	4.53%	11.75%	12.46%	8.71%
MSCI Emerging Markets Index (net div., AUD)	1.00%	7.56%	11.25%	9.07%

Emerging Markets Trust

Outperformed the MSCI Emerging Markets index:

- Emphasis on value securities main driver of relative out performance
- Structural underweight to China also contributed
- Exclusion of REITs and underweight to China also detracted

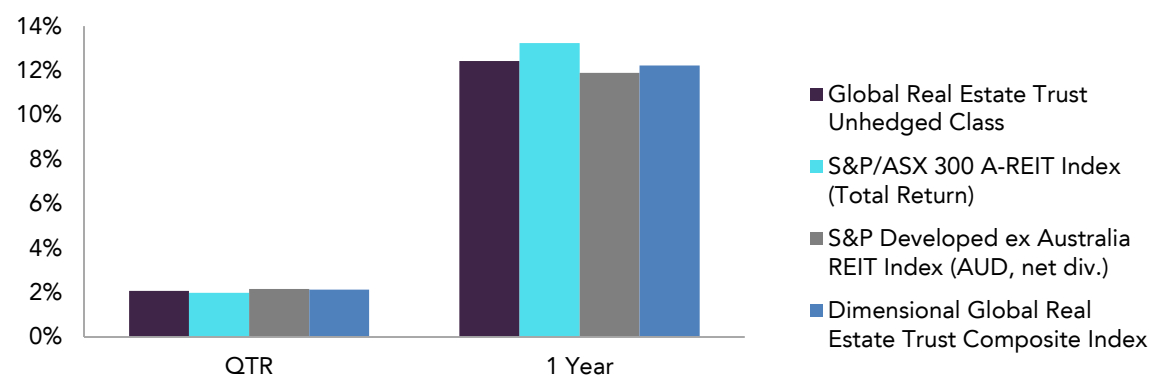
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Dimensional Global Real Estate Trust

As at 30 September 2018

DIMENSIONAL GLOBAL REAL ESTATE TRUSTS



PERIOD RETURNS (%)

Strategy	QTR	1 Year	3 Years	5 Years
Global Real Estate Trust Unhedged Class	2.08%	12.43%	5.93%	12.35%
S&P/ASX 300 A-REIT Index (Total Return)	1.98%	13.25%	10.30%	12.59%
S&P Developed ex Australia REIT Index (AUD, net div.)	2.16%	11.89%	4.80%	12.32%
Dimensional Global Real Estate Trust Composite Index	2.13%	12.24%	6.00%	12.31%

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Jan 2009 - April 2009: Australian country weight of Dimensional Global Real Estate Trust multiplied by S&P/ASX 300 A-REIT Index (Total Return) return. Remaining weight multiplied by S&P Developed ex Australia REIT Index (net div) return.

Jan 2001 - Dec 2008: 50% S&P/ASX 300 A-REIT Index (Total Return), 50% S&P Developed ex Australia REIT Index (net div).

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Global Real Estate Trust

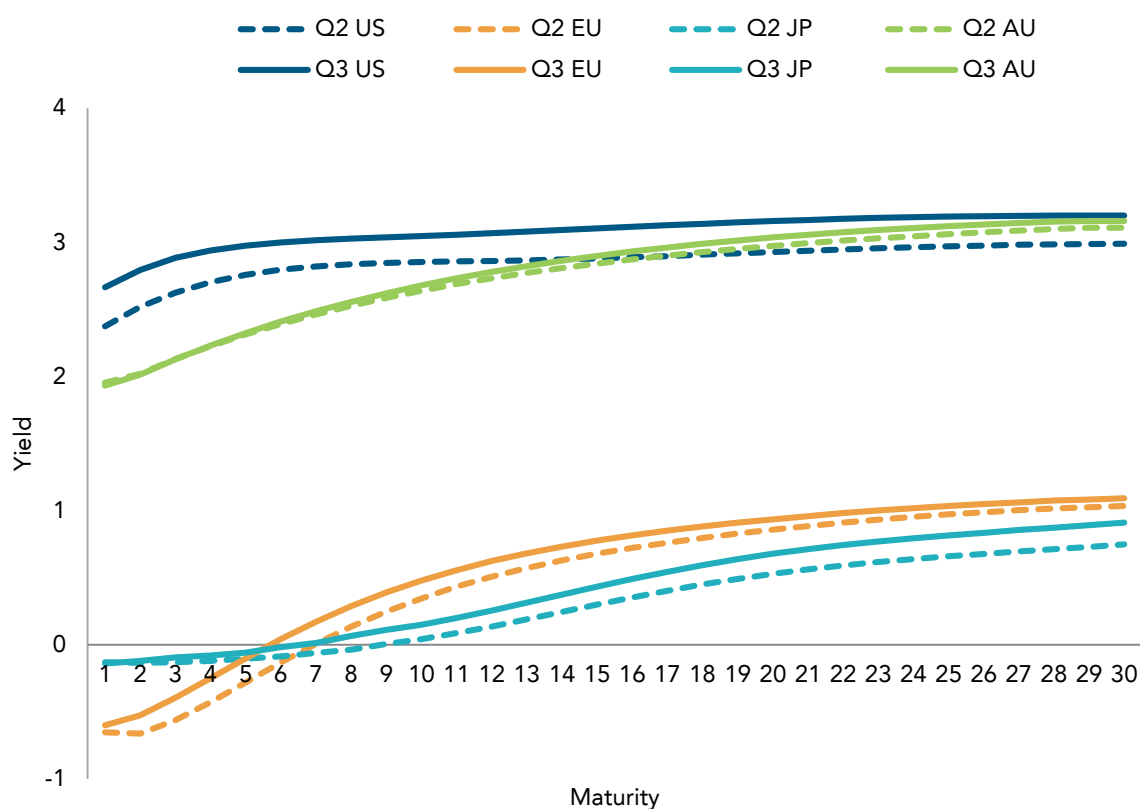
Performed in line with the composite benchmark:

- Neither country cap nor EM exposure had a material impact
- The Trust has a 3 times overweight to Australian REIT's

Investment Climate—Fixed Interest

As at 30 September 2018

WORLD YIELD CURVES



Yield Curves

- Negative Term premium over the quarter (ie shorter bonds outperformed longer bonds), as yields unexpectedly rose in most major currencies
- Shorter yields in the US rose particularly strongly
- Positive Credit premium

Wider spreads reflect higher expected returns, and vice versa

Declining yields = rising prices, and vice versa

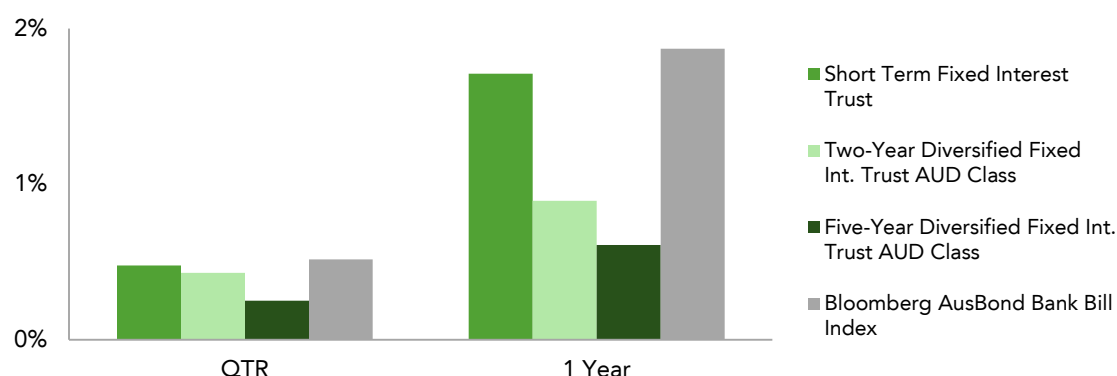
Based on Bank of America Merrill Lynch government yields. Past performance is not indicative of future results.

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Dimensional Fixed Interest Trusts

As at 30 September 2018

DIMENSIONAL FIXED INTEREST TRUSTS



PERIOD RETURNS (%)

Strategy	QTR	1 Year	3 Years	5 Years
Short Term Fixed Interest Trust	0.48%	1.71%	1.93%	2.17%
Two-Year Diversified Fixed Int. Trust AUD Class	0.43%	0.89%	1.76%	2.22%
Five-Year Diversified Fixed Int. Trust AUD Class	0.25%	0.61%	2.30%	3.28%
Bloomberg AusBond Bank Bill Index	0.52%	1.87%	1.94%	2.19%

Short Term Fixed (relative to cash)

- Marginally underperformed, mainly due to exposure to 1 - 2Yr CAD bonds
- Positive contribution from Credit
- Average duration ~ 0.9 years

Two-Year DFIT (relative to cash)

- Underperformed due to exposure to 2 – 3Yr USD bonds
- Credit exposure (A/BBB bonds) added value
- Average duration ~ 1.8 years

Five-Year DFIT (relative to cash)

- Underperformed due to exposure to 4 – 5Yr EUR bonds
- No exposure to Credit
- Average duration ~ 3.6 Yrs

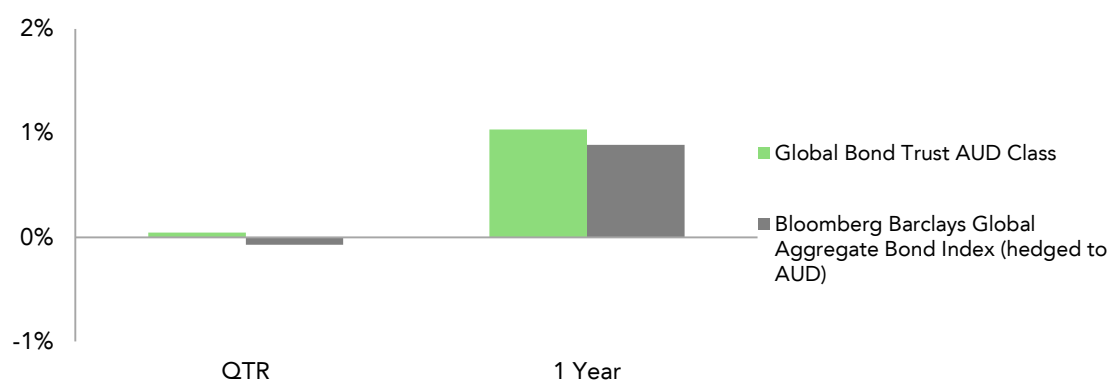
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Dimensional Fixed Interest Trusts

As at 30 September 2018

DIMENSIONAL FIXED INTEREST TRUSTS



Global Bond Trust (relative to Bloomberg Barclays Global Aggregate)

- Outperformed for the quarter and the year
- Main contributors were relative underweight to USD bonds, an overweight to Corporate bonds
- Average duration like overall market ~ 7.1 years

PERIOD RETURNS (%)

Strategy	QTR	1 Year	3 Years	5 Years
Global Bond Trust AUD Class	0.04%	1.03%	3.44%	4.85%
Global Bond Sustainability Trust AUD Class	-0.02%	–	–	–
Bloomberg Barclays Global Aggregate Bond Index (hedged to AUD)	-0.07%	0.89%	3.15%	4.64%

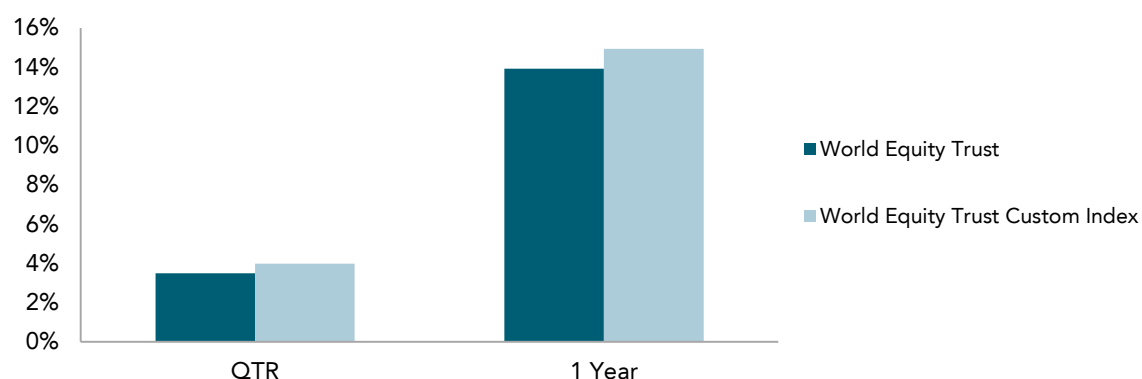
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Dimensional World Allocation Trusts

As at 30 September 2018

DIMENSIONAL WORLD ALLOCATION TRUSTS



PERIOD RETURNS (%)

Strategy	QTR	1 Year	3 Years	5 Years
World Equity Trust	3.50%	13.92%	12.77%	11.10%
World Equity Trust Custom Index	3.99%	14.94%	12.45%	11.56%

World Equity Trust

Underperformance relative to custom benchmark:

- Underperformance of Global Core relative to its benchmark

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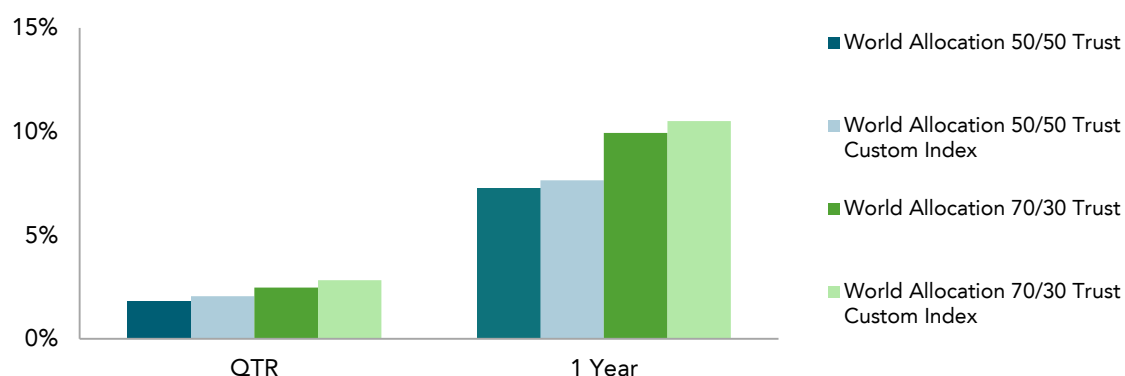
36% S&P ASX 300 (Total Return),

25% MSCI World Ex Australia (Net Div),

Dimensional World Allocation Trusts

As at 30 September 2018

DIMENSIONAL WORLD ALLOCATION TRUSTS



PERIOD RETURNS (%)

Strategy	QTR	1 Year	3 Years	5 Years
World Allocation 50/50 Trust	1.83%	7.28%	7.73%	7.52%
World Allocation 50/50 Trust Custom Index	2.06%	7.65%	7.09%	7.14%
World Allocation 70/30 Trust	2.48%	9.94%	9.82%	9.08%
World Allocation 70/30 Trust Custom Index	2.83%	10.51%	9.22%	8.91%

World Allocation 70/30 Trust

Underperformance due to:

- Underperformance of Global Core
- Partially off-set by outperformance of Global Bond Trust relative to its benchmark

World Allocation 50/50 Trust

Underperformance due to:

- Underperformance of Global Core
- Underperformance of 2Y and 5Y Diversified Fixed Income relative to Cash

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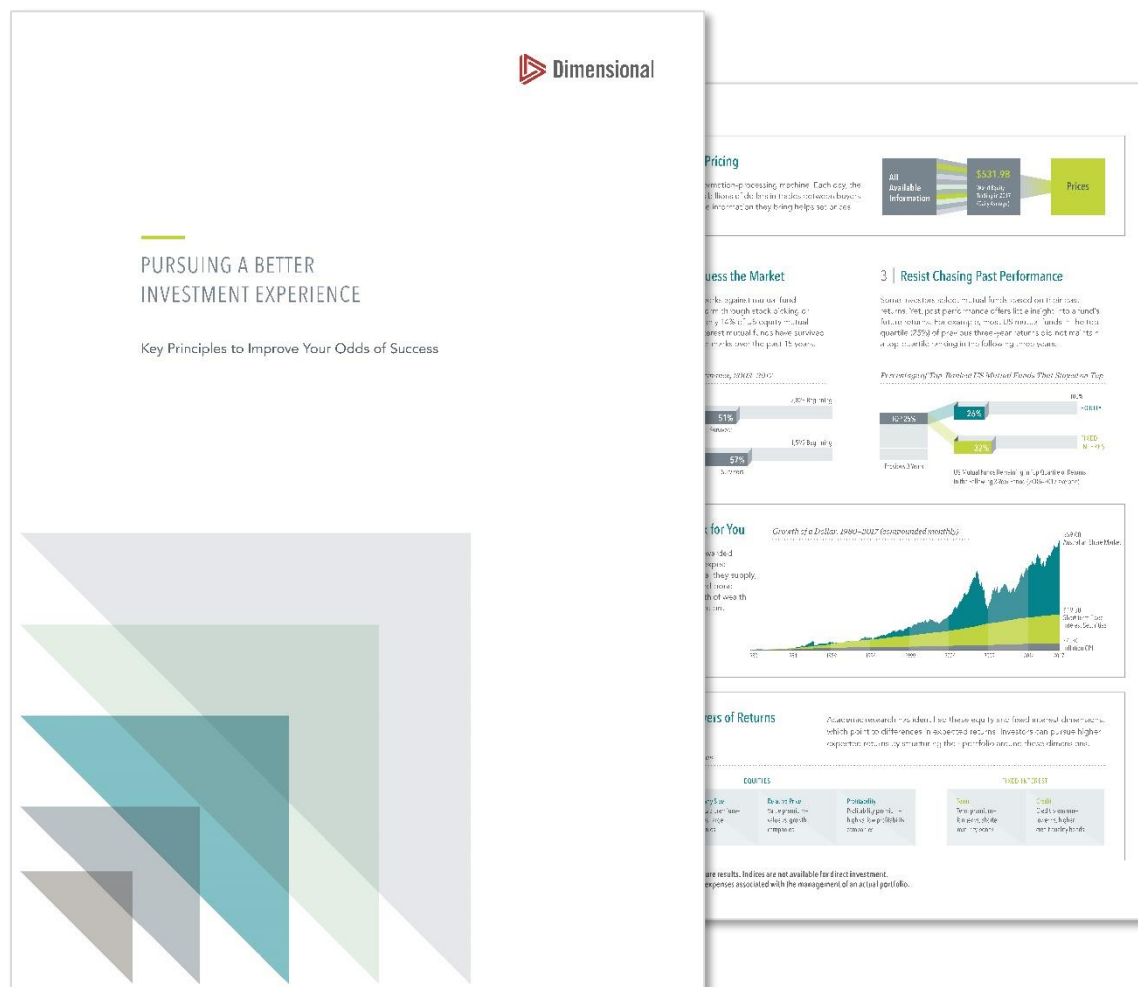
World Allocation 50/50 Trust Custom Index – January 2001 - Present:

18% S&P/ASX 300 (Total Return),

12.5% MSCI World ex Australia Index (net div., AUD),

Pursuing a Better Investment Experience

Special Postings



Dimensional has updated a popular client education and prospecting tool. *Pursuing a Better Investment Experience* highlights 10 key decisions that can help investors effectively target long-term wealth in the capital markets. The update includes data through 2017.

The four-page brochure is available as a Dimensional-branded PDF, unbranded PDF, and unbranded PowerPoint (PPT) file. The unbranded PPT slide presentation offers the same content as the brochure and features updated talking points in the notes section.

Talking to Clients About Interest Rates and Bonds

September 2018

OVERVIEW FOR ADVISORS

Talk of rising interest rates often leads to questions from clients about what that might mean for their bond holdings.

These questions represent an opportunity to educate clients about how the bond market works, how returns are generated and the varied purposes of fixed interest in a diversified portfolio.

Let's start with some first principles:

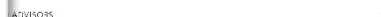
- First, fixed interest can play several roles in a diversified portfolio, depending on the individual needs and risk preferences of the client.
- Second, in meeting those needs, we have a way start with current market prices, which contain reliable information about differences in expected returns—or premiums.
- Third, we show that these premiums in fixed interest are not constant. They vary based on market expectations and the information available. This means they can be negative from time to time. That is the price of the higher expected returns they offer.
- Fourth, research shows that bond prices, like equity prices, are fairly unpredictable. So, an approach based on forecasting interest rates and what that might mean for bonds is unlikely to be reliable and robust.

We can explain how fixed interest works, the varied roles it plays, the mechanics of returns, and the tools we have available to help clients meet their goals without taking any more risk than is necessary.

- Fifth, we can manage these risks by diversifying globally and by varying clients' exposure to the targeted premiums depending on their varied goals.

So, with those principles in mind, we can explain how fixed interest works, the varied roles it plays, the mechanics of returns, and the tools we have available to help clients meet their goals without taking any more risk than is necessary.

What follows is a step-by-step guide to communicating these concepts simply, but effectively, using layperson's language as much as possible.



ER
things in common, but they also
differ on:

They are both types of securities
raise capital from investors.
offered in a primary market
secondary market their prices

a woman who associates with both

rent. While shares are a form of a type of loan. Unlike stocks, governments, as well as by and to be less volatile and perform various times. (See Exhibit 1)

Bonds are Conduits for Capital

COMPANY NEEDS TO RAISE FINANCIAL CAP. AL

← Lost Money

Bonds

→ Other

global market and is about twice as big. The US has the biggest dily. Japan, Europe and the UK perform extremely differently

There are also differences *within* bonds. These are defined as *non-homogeneous*.

1. DURATION

It measures the sensitivity of bond prices to changes in interest rates. The higher expected returns of longer duration bonds compared to shorter duration bonds is known as the term premium.

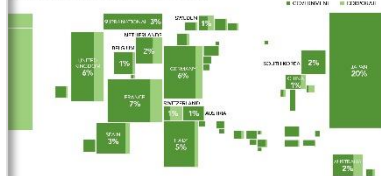
2. CREDIT

This is, in essence, the likelihood of bond issuer defaulting. For this reason, a top-rated government bond will perform differently to a low-rated corporate bond. The higher expected return associated with a lower credit rating is called the **credit premium**.

3. CURRENCY

Bonds are issued in different currencies. So, Japanese yen bonds may behave differently to US dollar or Australian dollar bonds.

World of Opportunity in Fixed Interest
Investment grade bond market as of December 31, 2013


[illegible]

Talk of rising interest rates often leads to questions from clients about what that might mean for their bond holdings.


These questions represent an opportunity to educate clients about how the bond market works, how returns are generated and the varied purposes of fixed interest in a diversified portfolio.

GFC 10 Years On: Time and Patience

Outside the Flags



OUTSIDE THE FLAGS



Jim Parker
Vice President
Dimensional Fund Advisors

October 2018

GFC 10 Years On: Time and Patience

In Leo Tolstoy's great novel 'War and Peace', a Russian general charged with defeating Napoleon and expelling the French from Russian soil argued against rushing into battle, saying the strongest of all warriors were "time and patience".

It's an observation worth recalling as the media runs thousands of words analysing the causes, consequences and legacy of the global financial crisis of 2008.

The GFC, as it's known in Australia and New Zealand, is widely considered by economists to have been the worst financial crisis since the Great Depression.

What began as a breakdown in the US subprime mortgage market, morphed into a series of credit crunches, bank crashes and a deep recession in much of the developed world. The climax of the crisis was the collapse of US investment bank Lehman Brothers in September 2008, triggering a bailout of the banking system and extraordinary fiscal and monetary stimulus by governments and central banks.

For investors, it was clearly an anxious time. Global equity markets plunged by 40% or more. By late 2008

Queen Elizabeth II, whose personal fortune had fallen by more than \$50 million, demanded economists explain why they hadn't seen the crisis coming.

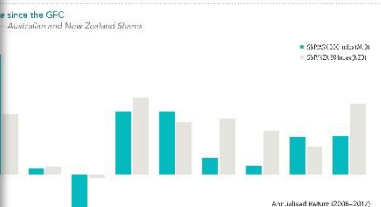
At the World Economic Forum in the Swiss town of Davos in early 2009, the most prestigious session was one in which a panel of economic experts, many of whom had not circulated in the first place, tried to provide their analysis of why the crisis had occurred and what would most likely happen next.

In terms of the economic analysis, there clearly was a spectrum of opinion. Some blamed excessive debt, irresponsible lending, complex financial products, compromised ratings agencies, an over-reliance on mathematical models or just plain old greed.

But aside from a temporary seizure in short-term money markets, where banks lend to each other, global sovereign bond markets performed as you would expect at a time of heightened uncertainty. Prices adjusted lower as investors demanded a higher expected return for the risk of investing.

ADVISORS

10 years since the GFC
Australia and New Zealand Shares



Period	Australia	New Zealand
Ave. annual return (2008-2017)	4.2%	7.1%
Total Return (2008-2017)	Australia: 42.5%	New Zealand: 127.2%

entirement started to turn by the Australia's benchmark S&P/ASX 200. It's recovering just as dramatically as it had suffered the previous decade recorded by more than decline in 2008.

In Australia, the index had declined 4.2% over to someone who had lost more than a billion. Using equity of 62% equity and 40% fixed at 5.2%.

re period, an investor who had a New Zealand market at the end of 2007, had experienced a 10% decline by the end of 2017. Using the same equity, the New Zealand dollar.

investors are looking for a new asset class during a crisis. There can be a lot of money in the market for those who have a diversified portfolio of assets.

allocation designed for them have done considerably better than many people who speculated and went to cash in 2008-2009.

Thick of two people reluctantly encouraged to take a collective side. One of them focuses on every sharp turn in the market, but the other focuses on the long-term. The latter is the one who is paying the price of their decision. The latter is the one who is paying the price of their decision.

The arguments over the causes and consequences of the GFC will go on and on. But as investors, there's much to be learned from looking at what we can control.

Timing the market is tough, as is basing an investment strategy on economic or market forecasts. But we can do ourselves a favour: both materially and emotionally, by accepting that volatility is a normal part of investing and by sticking to a well-thought-out investment plan, agreed upon in least stressful times.

Like Tolstoy's general said, the strongest warriors are time and patience.

1. Queen Asks Why No One Saw Credit Crunch Coming, The Telegraph, 5 November 2008.

In Leo Tolstoy's great novel 'War and Peace', a Russian general charged with defeating Napoleon and expelling the French from Russian soil argued against rushing into battle, saying the strongest of all warriors were "time and patience". It's an observation worth recalling as the media runs thousands of words analysing the causes, consequences and legacy of the global financial crisis of 2008.

Q3 2018 update resources

Available for download on My.Dimensional shortly

This webinar in
pdf format



Full recording
of this webinar



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